

Άσκηση Επαλέγνης 3 (σελ. 311)

$$X_1, \dots, X_6 \sim N(0, 1)$$

$$Z_1 = \frac{X_1 + X_2}{2}, \quad Z_2 = \frac{X_3 + \dots + X_6}{4}, \quad Z_3 = \frac{\sqrt{2}(X_1 - X_2)}{\sqrt{(X_3 - X_4)^2 + (X_5 - X_6)^2}}$$

$$Z_4 = \frac{(X_1 - X_6)^2 + (X_2 - X_5)^2 + (X_3 - X_4)^2}{2}$$

α) Να βρεθούν οι κατανομές των:

- (i)  $\frac{Z_1 + Z_2}{2}$ , (ii)  $2Z_1^2 + 4Z_2^2$ , (iii)  $X_3 - Z_2$ , (iv)  $Z_3$ , (v)  $Z_4$

β) Να βρεθούν οι σταθερές  $a$  και  $c_2$ :

- (i)  $P(Z_3 \geq -a) = 0,99$  και (ii)  $P(Z_4 \leq c_2) = 0,99$

Λύση

α) i)  $X_1 + X_2 \sim N(0, 2) \Rightarrow \frac{X_1 + X_2}{2} \sim N(0, \frac{1}{2})$

ii)  $X_3 + \dots + X_6 \sim N(0, 4) \Rightarrow \frac{X_3 + \dots + X_6}{4} \sim N(0, \frac{1}{4})$

$Z_1 + Z_2 \sim N(0, \frac{3}{4}) \Rightarrow \frac{Z_1 + Z_2}{2} \sim N(0, \frac{3}{16})$

iii)  $Z_1 \sim N(0, \frac{1}{2}) \Rightarrow \frac{Z_1}{\sqrt{\frac{1}{2}}} \sim N(0, 1)$

$Z_2 \sim N(0, \frac{1}{4}) \Rightarrow \frac{Z_2}{\sqrt{\frac{1}{4}}} \sim N(0, 1)$

iv)  $X_3 - Z_2 \sim N(0, \frac{3}{4}) \Rightarrow$

$\Rightarrow X_3 - \frac{X_3 + \dots + X_6}{4} = \frac{3X_3}{4} - \frac{X_4 + X_5 + X_6}{4} \sim N(0, \frac{9}{16} + \frac{1}{16}(1+1+1)) \equiv N(0, \frac{3}{4})$

v)  $X_1 - X_2 \sim N(0, 2) \Rightarrow \frac{X_1 - X_2}{\sqrt{2}} \sim N(0, 1)$

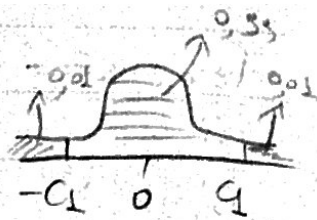
$\frac{X_3 - X_4}{\sqrt{2}} \sim N(0, 1)$  και  $\frac{X_5 - X_6}{\sqrt{2}} \sim N(0, 1)$

$$\frac{\frac{X_1 - X_2}{\sqrt{2}}}{\sqrt{\left(\frac{X_3 - X_4}{\sqrt{2}}\right)^2 + \left(\frac{X_5 - X_6}{\sqrt{2}}\right)^2}} = \frac{\sqrt{2}(X_1 - X_2)}{\sqrt{(X_3 - X_4)^2 + (X_5 - X_6)^2}} \sim t_2$$

v)  $Z_4 = \left(\frac{X_1 - X_6}{\sqrt{2}}\right)^2 + \left(\frac{X_2 - X_5}{\sqrt{2}}\right)^2 + \left(\frac{X_3 - X_4}{\sqrt{2}}\right)^2 \sim \chi_3^2$

β) i)  $P(Z_3 \geq -c_1) = 0,99 \Rightarrow P(t_2 \geq -c_1) = 0,99$   
 $\Rightarrow P(t_2 \geq c_1) = 0,01 \Rightarrow c_1 = t_{0,01,2} = 6,965$

iii)  $P(Z_4 \leq c_2) = 0,99 \Rightarrow P(\chi_3^2 \leq c_2) = 0,99$   
 $\Rightarrow P(\chi_3^2 \geq c_2) = 0,01 \Rightarrow c_2 = \chi_{0,01,3}^2 = 11,345$



### Άσκηση Επαρέληξης 16 (σελ. 313)

$H_0: \mu = \mu_1 + \mu_2 - \mu_3 = \kappa$  έναντι της  $H_1: \mu \neq \kappa$  ( $\alpha = 0,05$ )

2ωχ. δείγμ. από πληθ.  $X_1, X_2, X_3$  ανεξ.

$$X_1 \sim N(\mu_1, c_1 \sigma^2)$$

$$X_2 \sim N(\mu_2, c_2 \sigma^2)$$

$$X_3 \sim N(\mu_3, c_3 \sigma^2)$$

$$\hat{\mu} = \bar{X}_1 + \bar{X}_2 - \bar{X}_3$$

$$\bar{X}_1 + \bar{X}_2 - \bar{X}_3 \sim N\left(\mu, \frac{c_1 \sigma^2 + c_2 \sigma^2 + c_3 \sigma^2}{n}\right) \Rightarrow \frac{\bar{X}_1 + \bar{X}_2 - \bar{X}_3 - \mu}{\sqrt{\frac{c_1 \sigma^2 + c_2 \sigma^2 + c_3 \sigma^2}{n}}} \sim N(0,1) \quad (*)$$

$$\frac{(n-1)S_1^2}{c_1 \sigma^2} \sim \chi_{n-1}^2, \quad \frac{(n-1)S_2^2}{c_2 \sigma^2} \sim \chi_{n-1}^2, \quad \frac{(n-1)S_3^2}{c_3 \sigma^2} \sim \chi_{n-1}^2 \Rightarrow$$

$$\frac{n-1}{\sigma^2} \left[ \frac{S_1^2}{c_1} + \frac{S_2^2}{c_2} + \frac{S_3^2}{c_3} \right] \sim \chi_{3(n-1)}^2 \quad (**)$$

Από (\*) & (\*\*): 
$$t = \frac{\sqrt{n}(\bar{X}_1 + \bar{X}_2 - \bar{X}_3 - \mu) / \sigma \sqrt{c_1 + c_2 + c_3}}{\sqrt{(n-1) \left( \frac{S_1^2}{c_1} + \frac{S_2^2}{c_2} + \frac{S_3^2}{c_3} \right) / \sigma^2 3(n-1)}} = \frac{N(0,1)}{\sqrt{\chi_{3(n-1)}^2 / 3(n-1)}} \sim t_{3(n-1)}$$

Για τον έλεγχο της  $H_0$  χρησηζ. το  $t$ :

$$t = \frac{\bar{X}_1 + \bar{X}_2 - \bar{X}_3 - \kappa}{\sqrt{\frac{c_1 + c_2 + c_3}{3n} \left( \frac{S_1^2}{c_1} + \frac{S_2^2}{c_2} + \frac{S_3^2}{c_3} \right)}} \quad \kappa \text{ κρ. Αρρ. } |t| \geq t_{3(n-1)}$$

## Άσκηση Επανάληψης 17 (σελ. 314)

6 7 9 8 10 8 11 7  
6 5 10 5 11 9 10 6,  $n=16 / N(\mu, \sigma^2)$

i) Καλόσπερο - γρηγορόσπερο, ( $\alpha=0,05$ ) σε 95% ΔΕ. Είπια.

(ii) Αν  $\sigma^2=9$  β (i) β ισχύει για  $H_0: \mu=9$

Αδων

(i)  $H_0: \mu \geq 10$  έναντι  $H_a: \mu < 10$

$$t = \frac{\bar{x} - t_0}{s/\sqrt{n}} \text{ β κρ. κερ. } t \leq -t_{0,05,15} = -1,753$$

$$\bar{x} = 8, s^2 = 4,26 (s = 2,064), n = 16$$

$$t = \frac{8-10}{2,064/\sqrt{16}} = -3,88 \text{ β εν εινδη } t = -3,88 < -1,753 \text{ απορ. } H_0$$

(Είπια καλόσπερο)

$$95\% \text{ ΔΕ: } \bar{X} \pm t_{\alpha/2, n-1} \frac{s}{\sqrt{n}} = 8 \pm 2,131 \frac{2,064}{\sqrt{16}} \text{ β κρ}$$

ΔΕ: [6,911, 9,089]

(ii)  $H_0: \mu \geq 10$  έναντι  $H_a: \mu < 10$ ,  $Z = \frac{\bar{X} - t_0}{\sigma/\sqrt{n}} \stackrel{H_0}{\sim} N(0,1)$

β κρ. κερ.  $Z \leq -Z_{\alpha} (= -Z_{0,05}) = -1,645$

$$Z = \frac{8-10}{3/\sqrt{16}} = -2,67 \text{ εν εινδη } -2,67 < -1,645 \text{ απορ. } H_0$$

$$\gamma = 1 - \beta, \beta = P(\text{δεν } H_0 \mid H_a \text{ αληθευη}) = P(Z \geq -Z_{\alpha} \mid \mu = 9)$$

$$\Rightarrow \beta = P\left(\frac{\bar{X} - 10}{\sigma/\sqrt{n}} \geq -1,645 \mid \mu = 9\right) = P\left(\frac{\bar{X} - 10 + 1}{\sigma/\sqrt{n}} \geq -1,645 + \frac{1}{3/\sqrt{16}} \mid \mu = 9\right)$$

$$= P(Z \geq 0,312) = 0,3775$$